

APPENDIX G

Percentages of Students with Achievement Too Low for Estimation





Appendix G.1: Percentages of Students with Mathematics Achievement Too Low for Estimation*



Country	eTIMSS		paperTIMSS		paperTIMSS Less Difficult Mathematics	
	Percentage of Students with Achievement Too Low for Estimation	Average Percent Correct	Percentage of Students with Achievement Too Low for Estimation	Average Percent Correct	Percentage of Students with Achievement Too Low for Estimation	Average Percent Correct
Albania					2 (0.3)	61 (0.8)
Armenia			4 (0.3)	42 (0.7)		
Australia			4 (0.3)	48 (0.7)		
Austria	1 (0.2)	50 (0.6)				
Azerbaijan			4 (0.4)	48 (0.7)		
Bahrain			9 (0.5)	39 (0.6)		
Belgium (Flemish)			1 (0.2)	52 (0.5)		
Bosnia and Herzegovina					2 (0.2)	49 (0.6)
Bulgaria	3 (0.2)		5 (0.8)	48 (1.0)		
Canada Chile	12 (0.7)	43 (0.5) 27 (0.5)				
Chinese Taipei	0 (0.1)	67 (0.4)				
Crinese raiper	2 (0.3)	43 (0.5)				
Cyprus	2 (0.3)	43 (0.5)	2 (0.3)	51 (0.7)		
Cyprus Czech Republic	2 (0.3)	49 (0.6)	2 (0.3)	51 (0.7)		
Denmark	2 (0.3)	47 (0.5)				
England	2 (0.3)	55 (0.8)				
Finland	2 (0.2)	49 (0.5)				
France	6 (0.6)	37 (0.7)				
Georgia	7 (0.7)	36 (0.8)				
Germany	2 (0.3)	46 (0.6)				
Hong Kong SAR	0 (0.1)	67 (0.8)				
Hungary	3 (0.4)	47 (0.7)				
Iran, Islamic Rep. of			14 (0.9)	31 (0.7)		
Ireland			2 (0.2)	56 (0.7)		
Italy	2 (0.3)	44 (0.7)				
Japan			0 (0.1)	68 (0.4)		
Kazakhstan			2 (0.2)	45 (0.7)		
Korea, Rep. of	0 (0.1)	67 (0.6)				
Kosovo					2 (0.3)	49 (0.7)
Kuwait					8 (0.6)	39 (0.9)
Latvia			1 (0.3)	55 (0.7)		
Lithuania	2 (0.2)	51 (0.7)				
Malta	4 (0.3)	43 (0.3)				
Montenegro					3 (0.3)	50 (0.4)
Morocco					6 (0.4)	38 (0.8)
Netherlands	1 (0.2)	50 (0.6)				'
New Zealand			6 (0.4)	40 (0.6)		
North Macedonia					3 (0.5)	55 (1.1)
Northern Ireland			2 (0.3)	60 (0.7)		
Norway (5)	2 (0.3)	52 (0.6)				
Oman			14 (0.6)	30 (0.8)		
Pakistan					16 (2.1)	28 (1.9)
					20 (1.2)	25 (0.8)
Poland			3 (0.3)	48 (0.7)		
Portugal	2 (0.3)	47 (0.7)				
Qatar	12 (0.8)	31 (0.7)				
Russian Federation	1 (0.2)	58 (0.9)				
Saudi Arabia					5 (0.6)	41 (0.7)
Serbia			5 (0.6)	45 (0.7)		
Singapore	0 (0.1)	73 (0.9)				
Slovak Republic	5 (0.7)	43 (0.8)				
South Africa (5)					6 (0.4)	36 (0.6)
Spain	4 (0.4)	41 (0.4)				
Sweden	3 (0.4)	46 (0.7)				
Turkey (5)	5 (0.5)	48 (1.0)				
United Arab Emirates	8 (0.3)	38 (0.3)				
United States	3 (0.3)	50 (0.7)				
chmarking Participants						
Ontario, Canada	3 (0.4)	44 (0.9)				
Quebec, Canada	1 (0.2)	49 (0.6)				
Moscow City, Russian Fed.	0 (0.1)	66 (0.6)				
Madrid, Spain	2 (0.3)	45 (0.6)				
Abu Dhabi, UAE	14 (0.5)	30 (0.4)				
Dubai, UAE	2 (0.3)	52 (0.4)				

* Students were considered to have achievement too low for estimation if their performance on the assessment was no better than could be achieved by simply guessing on the multiple-choice assessment items. However, such students were assigned scale scores (plausible values) by the achievement scaling procedure, despite concerns about their reliability. Ψ Reservations about reliability because the percentage of students with achievement too low for estimation exceeds 15% but does not exceed 25%.

() Standard errors appear in parentheses. Because of rounding some results may appear inconsistent.

A dash (-) indicates comparable data not available.



Appendix G.2: Percentages of Students with Science Achievement Too Low for Estimation*



	eTIMSS		paperTIMSS		
Country	Percentage of Students with Achievement Too Low for Estimation	Average Percent Correct	Percentage of Students with Achievement Too Low for Estimation	Average Percent Correct	
Albania			3 (0.5)	47 (0.7)	
Armenia			4 (0.4)	41 (0.6)	
Australia			2 (0.3)	55 (0.5)	
Austria	1 (0.2)	51 (0.5)			
Azerbaijan			8 (0.6)	36 (0.5)	
Bahrain			4 (0.4)	48 (0.6)	
Belgium (Flemish)			2 (0.2)	48 (0.4)	
Bosnia and Herzegovina			5 (0.4)	40 (0.5)	
Bulgaria	2 (0.2)	52 (0.3)	4 (0.6)	54 (1.0)	
Canada Chile	5 (0.5)	40 (0.5)			
Chinese Taipei	0 (0.1)	60 (0.3)			
Croatia	1 (0.2)	51 (0.4)			
Cyprus			2 (0.3)	50 (0.6)	
Czech Republic	1 (0.2)	54 (0.4)			
Denmark	1 (0.3)	51 (0.4)			
England	1 (0.2)	55 (0.5)			
Finland	1 (0.2)	59 (0.5)			
France	4 (0.4)	45 (0.6)			
Georgia	6 (0.7)	38 (0.6)			
Germany	2 (0.3)	51 (0.5)			
Hong Kong SAR	1 (0.2)	54 (0.6)			
Hungary	1 (0.3)	53 (0.5)			
Iran, Islamic Rep. of			9 (0.7)	38 (0.7)	
Ireland			2 (0.4)	54 (0.7)	
Italy	2 (0.2)	49 (0.6)			
Japan			1 (0.1)	61 (0.4)	
Kazakhstan			2 (0.3)	47 (0.6)	
Korea, Rep. of Kosovo	0 (0.1)	66 (0.4)	9 (0.7)	33 (0.5)	
Kuwait			14 (0.9)	33 (0.9)	
Latvia			0 (0.2)	57 (0.5)	
Lithuania	1 (0.2)	55 (0.5)			
Malta	3 (0.3)	47 (0.3)			
Montenegro			8 (0.4)	39 (0.4)	
Ψ Morocco			17 (0.9)	30 (0.8)	
Netherlands	2 (0.3)	50 (0.6)			
New Zealand			3 (0.3)	49 (0.4)	
North Macedonia			11 (0.9)	36 (1.0)	
Northern Ireland			2 (0.3)	52 (0.4)	
Norway (5)	1 (0.2)	55 (0.5)			
Oman			10 (0.6)	39 (0.7)	
^ж Pakistan			31 (3.5)	21 (1.1)	
* Philippines			34 (1.4)	20 (0.5)	
Poland			1 (0.2)	55 (0.5)	
Portugal	2 (0.2)	47 (0.4)			
Qatar Russian Enderation	8 (0.8) 0 (0.1)	39 (0.7) 62 (0.7)			
Russian Federation Saudi Arabia			12 (0.7)	34 (0.5)	
Satur Arabia			3 (0.6)	52 (0.7)	
Singapore	1 (0.1)	68 (0.7)			
Slovak Republic	2 (0.4)	52 (0.7)			
^ж South Africa (5)			28 (1.0)	25 (0.6)	
Spain	1 (0.2)	49 (0.4)			
Sweden	1 (0.2)	55 (0.7)			
Turkey (5)	3 (0.4)	54 (0.8)			
United Arab Emirates	7 (0.2)	44 (0.3)			
United States	2 (0.2)	55 (0.5)			
enchmarking Participants					
Ontario, Canada	2 (0.3)	52 (0.6)			
Quebec, Canada	1 (0.2)	51 (0.5)			
Moscow City, Russian Fed.	0 (0.1)	68 (0.5)			
Madrid, Spain	1 (0.2)	51 (0.4)			
Abu Dhabi, UAE	14 (0.5)	35 (0.4)			
Dubai, UAE	1 (0.1)	57 (0.3)			

* Students were considered to have achievement too low for estimation if their performance on the assessment was no better than could be achieved by simply guessing on the multiple-choice assessment items. However, such students were assigned scale scores (plausible values) by the achievement scaling procedure, despite concerns about their reliability.

W Reservations about reliability because the percentage of students with achievement too low for estimation exceeds 15% but does not exceed 25%. W Reservations about reliability because the percentage of students with achievement too low for estimation exceeds 25%.

() Standard errors appear in parentheses. Because of rounding some results may appear inconsistent.

TIMSS & PIRLS International Study Center

Lynch School of Education

BOSTON COLLEGE

A dash (-) indicates comparable data not available.



Appendix G.3: Percentages of Students with Mathematics Achievement Too Low for Estimation*

EIEA
TIMSS
2019

	eTIMSS	paperTIMSS		
Country	Percentage of Students with Achievement Too Low for Estimation	Average Percent Correct	Percentage of Students with Achievement Too Low for Estimation	Average Percent Correct
Australia			5 (0.4)	45 (1.0)
Bahrain			9 (0.4)	38 (0.4)
Ψ Chile	16 (0.8)	25 (0.5)		
Chinese Taipei	2 (0.2)	66 (0.6)		
Cyprus			5 (0.4)	41 (0.4)
Ψ Egypt			20 (1.1)	25 (0.9)
England	7 (0.8)	42 (1.3)		
Finland	5 (0.5)	39 (0.6)		
France	8 (0.5)	33 (0.5)		
Georgia	13 (1.0)	30 (0.9)		
Hong Kong SAR	3 (0.5)	58 (1.0)		
Hungary	6 (0.6)	42 (0.7)		
Iran, Islamic Rep. of			14 (0.5)	30 (0.8)
Ireland			3 (0.4)	47 (0.7)
Israel	6 (0.5)	44 (1.1)		
Italy	6 (0.5)	37 (0.6)		
Japan			1 (0.1)	65 (0.6)
Ψ Jordan			17 (1.2)	25 (0.7)
Kazakhstan			7 (0.5)	38 (0.9)
Korea, Rep. of	2 (0.3)	65 (0.6)		
Ψ Kuwait			21 (1.2)	23 (0.8)
Lebanon			14 (0.8)	26 (0.5)
Lithuania	5 (0.5)	43 (0.7)		
Malaysia	14 (0.8)	30 (0.6)		
Ψ Morocco			25 (0.9)	19 (0.4)
New Zealand			9 (0.8)	37 (0.7)
Norway (9)	7 (0.5)	38 (0.5)		
Ψ Oman			21 (0.8)	25 (0.4)
Portugal	5 (0.6)	37 (0.7)		
Ψ Qatar	17 (0.8)	28 (0.8)		
Romania		20 (0.0)	11 (0.9)	37 (1.0)
Russian Federation	3 (0.4)	49 (1.2)		
Ψ Saudi Arabia	<u> </u>		22 (0.8)	21 (0.3)
Singapore	1 (0.2)	68 (1.1)		
^ж South Africa (9)	T (0.2)		26 (0.7)	19 (0.3)
Sweden	6 (0.4)	38 (0.6)		
Turkey	10 (0.7)	39 (0.9)		
United Arab Emirates	13 (0.4)	39 (0.9)		
United Arab Emirates	7 (0.6)	43 (1.1)		
	7 (0.0)	43 (1.1)		
chmarking Participants				
Ontario, Canada	4 (0.4)	45 (1.2)		
Quebec, Canada	1 (0.3)	48 (1.0)		
Moscow City, Russian Fed.	1 (0.2)	57 (1.1)		
Ψ Gauteng, RSA (9)			18 (0.8)	24 (0.6)
Western Cape, RSA (9)			16 (0.8)	28 (1.0)
^Ψ Abu Dhabi, UAE	18 (0.7)	27 (0.5)		
Dubai, UAE	5 (0.4)	48 (0.5)		

* Students were considered to have achievement too low for estimation if their performance on the assessment was no better than could be achieved by simply guessing on the multiple-choice assessment items. However, such students were assigned scale scores (plausible values) by the achievement scaling procedure, despite concerns about their reliability.

W Reservations about reliability because the percentage of students with achievement too low for estimation exceeds 15% but does not exceed 25%. W Reservations about reliability because the percentage of students with achievement too low for estimation exceeds 25%. () Standard errors appear in parentheses. Because of rounding some results may appear inconsistent.

A dash (-) indicates comparable data not available.



Appendix G.4: Percentages of Students with Science Achievement Too Low for Estimation*

Science •	Grade 8

	E IEA
	TIMSS
İ	2019

	eTIMSS	paperTIMSS		
Country	Percentage of Students with Achievement Too Low for Estimation	Average Percent Correct	Percentage of Students with Achievement Too Low for Estimation	Average Percent Correct
Australia			2 (0.3)	50 (0.7)
Bahrain			5 (0.3)	43 (0.3)
Chile	4 (0.4)	36 (0.5)		
Chinese Taipei	1 (0.1)	59 (0.4)		
Cyprus			3 (0.3)	41 (0.4)
Egypt			14 (1.0)	28 (0.7)
England	3 (0.5)	47 (0.9)		
Finland	2 (0.3)	52 (0.6)		
France	3 (0.4)	40 (0.5)		
Georgia	6 (0.6)	33 (0.6)		
Hong Kong SAR	4 (0.7)	45 (1.0)		
Hungary	1 (0.3)	49 (0.5)		
Iran, Islamic Rep. of			5 (0.4)	35 (0.6)
Ireland			2 (0.3)	49 (0.5)
Israel	3 (0.4)	46 (0.8)		
Italy	2 (0.3)	43 (0.5)		
Japan			1 (0.1)	59 (0.5)
Jordan			7 (0.5)	37 (0.7)
Kazakhstan			3 (0.3)	40 (0.6)
Korea, Rep. of	1 (0.2)	55 (0.5)		(
Kuwait			7 (0.8)	35 (0.9)
Lebanon			15 (0.9)	26 (0.5)
Lithuania	1 (0.1)	50 (0.6)		'
Malaysia	6 (0.5)	37 (0.5)		
Morocco			11 (0.6)	26 (0.3)
New Zealand			3 (0.4)	44 (0.7)
Norway (9)	4 (0.4)	43 (0.5)		'
Oman			7 (0.4)	38 (0.4)
Portugal	1 (0.3)	47 (0.6)		/
Qatar	5 (0.5)	40 (0.8)		
Romania			5 (0.5)	39 (0.8)
Russian Federation	1 (0.2)	52 (0.9)		
Saudi Arabia			7 (0.5)	32 (0.4)
Singapore	1 (0.1)	66 (0.8)		(
South Africa (9)			17 (0.5)	25 (0.3)
Sweden	3 (0.4)	48 (0.6)		
Turkey	3 (0.4)	47 (0.7)		
United Arab Emirates	7 (0.3)	41 (0.4)		
United States	3 (0.4)	48 (0.9)		
hmarking Participants		N= -7		
Ontario, Canada	1 (0.2)	47 (0.6)		
Quebec, Canada	1 (0.3)	50 (0.8)		
Moscow City, Russian Fed.	0 (0.1)	57 (0.6)		
Gauteng, RSA (9)		57 (0.6)	9 (0.5)	31 (0.6)
Western Cape, RSA (9)			7 (0.4)	34 (0.9)
Abu Dhabi, UAE	14 (0.6)	34 (0.5)		
Dubai, UAE	2 (0.2)	54 (0.5)		

* Students were considered to have achievement too low for estimation if their performance on the assessment was no better than could be achieved by simply guessing on the multiple-choice assessment items. However, such students were assigned scale scores (plausible values) by the achievement scaling procedure, despite concerns about their reliability. Ψ Reservations about reliability because the percentage of students with achievement too low for estimation exceeds 15% but does not exceed 25%.

() Standard errors appear in parentheses. Because of rounding some results may appear inconsistent. A dash (-) indicates comparable data not available.

